

# \$500,000 IN PRIZES

of \$5.00 each to be given to  
the School Children of America

School Children's Competitive Advertising Contest No. 546

A Froggy would a  
Wooin' go!  
Whether His mother  
Would let Him  
or no  
He WANTED TO SEE  
HIS SWEETHEARTS  
THREE  
AND TELL THEM ALL  
OF



This sketch was made by Harry Dunnvan, aged 12, Central School, Fort Scott, Kan. We give a cash prize of \$5.00 for any drawing of this character which we accept and use. All school children can compete. Full instructions will be found on inside of each package of Egg-O-See, telling what to do to get the prize and how to make the drawings.

The acme of pure food preparation has been reached in the manufacture of Egg-O-See. The water used to moisten the grain is boiled, filtered and aerated. All machinery, and even the clothing the employees wear in making the food, are subject to every sanitary precaution.

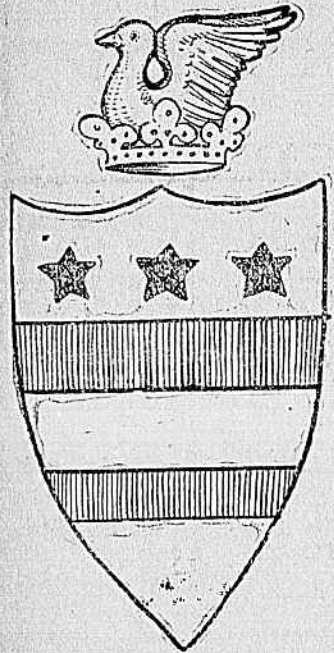
NOTE—The price of Egg-O-See is 10 cents for a full size package, such as is usually sold for 15c. The largest food mill in the world, with the most approved labor-saving machinery, enables us to make the best flaked wheat food at this lower price.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE GREEN PACKAGE.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and loc. and we will send you a package prepaid.

Address all communications to "Egg-O-See," Quincy, Ill.

## THE TIMES-DISPATCH GENEALOGICAL COLUMN WASHINGTON FAMILY OF VIRGINIA



Doubtless the "Father of His Country"

look little trouble about preserving his coat-of-arms or ancestral records, for he left very few behind. Great men in this country do not care about the length of their pedigree or any titled ancestry. When General J. E. Lee was approached during the war to give some facts concerning his family history, he said "It was not then the time for searching family records, but the time for men to make a record." Yet their family history belongs to the people, and should be carefully preserved for future generations to emulate. There are still many descendants of the Washington family in Virginia, for whose benefit we propose to trace as far as possible his lineage to its English origin, which has always been in some doubt.

We give at the head the arms and crest of the Washingtons, as furnished by a descendant, Mrs. Julia Annum Davidson, of Chicago, a granddaughter of Colonel William Washington, of the Revolution, who claims it as the true Revolutionary mark upon her silver plate. This may be true as to some of the collateral branches, and we accept of it, though we cannot trace it in any English source. It appears by his will, however, that he possessed a large and valuable property in lands; and as this had been acquired chiefly by his own industry and enterprise, it may be inferred that the concern of business he was methodical, skillful, honorable and energetic. His occupation was that of a planter, which from the first settlement of the country, had been the pursuit of nearly all the principal gentlemen of Virginia.

Augustine Washington married twice; his first wife not known; his second was Mary Ball, daughter of Colonel Joseph Ball, of "Epping Forest," Lancaster county, who was the son of Colonel William Ball, the emigrant to Virginia, as we have already shown in a previous number. (See Brown Family, January 17th.) Mary Ball was the daughter of Colonel Ball by his second wife, who was Mary Johnson, a widow, of Lancaster county. Mary Ball was born 1700 or 8. She married Augustine Washington March 8, 1730 or 31, and died August 25, 1780, aged eighty-two, at her home near Fredericksburg. Augustine Washington had seven children, two of whom survived by his first wife, and five by his last. After the birth of his youngest, George, in 1732, he moved to his estate in Stafford county, near the small town of Fredericksburg, on the Rappahannock, where he resided until his death in 1802.

The house in which he lived has long since vanished, but George here spent his boyhood days, going to an oldfield school; and tradition says that when a young man it was here that he first saw a new discovery, the Rappahannock River (not the Potomac), a feat which has never since been accomplished.

By the will of Augustine Washington he gave a plantation to each of his three sons. To his eldest, Lawrence, he gave the "Mount Vernon" estate, near "Hunting Creek," then containing 2,500 acres, besides the lands and iron works in Maryland and Virginia.

To his second son, Ball, an estate in Westmoreland county, the estate on which he died, in Stafford county, and to each of his remaining children an estate of six or seven hundred acres.

After his death, Mrs. Washington lived with her five children, the eldest being then only eleven years old, all of whom she lived to see grown up to manhood and to reap the honors and high reward of a grateful country upon her youngest.

Mrs. Washington died in 1783 at the age of eighty-five years, and was buried on the plantation of her son-in-law, Col. Fielding Lewis, her grave now being marked by a massive monument erected by the government of the United States.

One of the sons of Augustine Washington was Ball Washington, of Stafford county; his eldest son, Lieutenant-Colonel William Washington, born 1752, entered early in the Revolutionary War, serving first under General Mercer and afterwards was made brigadier-general. He died at Charlotte, S. C., 1810. He married a Miss Elliot, of South Carolina, in 1775, and after the war resided at his wife's ancestral home, on the "Sand Hills," South Carolina.

Elizabeth (called Betty) Washington, the eldest daughter of Augustine Washington and Mary Ball, married Colonel Fielding Lewis, who is said to have owned half of the town of Fredericksburg and much of the surrounding country. As General George Washington left no children, the nearest descendants to him are from the families of his sister and brothers.

Of the children of Colonel Fielding Lewis, all of his sons were most prominent during the Revolution and held some high office. They were Captain Fielding Lewis, Jr., Captain George Lewis, of Washington's Life Guard; Major Lawrence Lewis, who was aide-de-camp to General Morgan, and Captain Robert Lewis, Washington's private secretary. Their only daughter, Elizabeth Lewis, married Charles Carter, Esq., of Shirley.

All of these sons left large families, many of their descendants being yet among us, and of whom we have mentioned under the articles on Lewis.

Judge Bushrod Washington was born 1762, in Westmoreland county, Va.; he became the favorite nephew of General Washington, and was the devisee of the Mount Vernon estate. He was a fine lawyer, and became a member of the House of Delegates in 1784. He was also associated Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States in 1798, which position he held until his death in 1826, at Philadelphia, Pa. George Washington was only ten years old at his father's death; his elder brother, Lawrence, having married a relative of Lord Fairfax, introduced George to him, who then being but eighteen had already obtained a license as a surveyor, was employed by that distinguished gentleman to assist in surveying his vast domain in the "Northern Neck." When at twenty young George entered the colonial militia as major, and was continued in military service until after the Revolutionary War.

General Washington married when twenty-seven, Mrs. Martha Custis (nee Miss Martha Dandridge), the widow of Daniel Parke Custis; she was just three months the junior in age of the then young Colonel Washington, and possessed much wealth.

During the Revolution, Mrs. Washington remained at Mt. Vernon with her younger children, occasionally visiting among her relatives and friends, until the close of the war, when the General retired to his farm, which he had obtained from his brother, Lawrence, who, when first taking possession of the place in 1753, had built the middle portion of the present mansion house, which he named in honor of Admiral Parke, of the English navy, under whom he had once served. In after years, General Washington added the two wings to the central part, with the long portico and left pillars in front which are now so familiar to the general public.

General Washington, not having any children of his own, adopted the two grandchildren of his wife by her first husband, Daniel Parke Custis, who were Eleanor Parke Custis and George Washington Parke Custis, being the two youngest children of John Parke Custis. The daughter, Eleanor, married Major Lawrence Lewis, nephew of the General. She died in Clarke county, Va., 1852, aged seventy-four years. The son, George Washington Parke Custis, married Mary Lewis Fitzhugh, daughter of William Fitzhugh and Anne Randolph of "Catham," opposite Fredericksburg. These were the parents of Mrs. Robert E. Lee. Mrs. Custis remained in the family of General Washington until 1799, when he was appointed to the command of the army, and afterwards as aide-de-camp to Major-General Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina.

General Washington died December 14, 1799, and his widow survived him but three years, she dying at Mount Vernon, 23d May, 1802.

It is useless to give the details of Washington's life here, which are now almost familiar to the public. Washington had collected much material himself, to write his own life, which his death prevented. The first work of his life was brought out in 1856 at Philadelphia by C. P. Wayne, a descendant of General Anthony Wayne, of the Revolution. He was called "Mad Anthony," from his impetuous fighting. He died in Pennsylvania in 1796. Since that time Washington's life has been the subject of some of the ablest writers of our land. After the death of Mrs. Washington in 1852, Mount Vernon went to Washington's nephew, Mr. John A. Washington. In 1858, by the eloquence of Edward Everett and the efforts of the ladies over the whole country, the mansion house, with two hundred acres of the estate, was purchased by the "Ladies Mount Vernon Association" for \$20,000, who now hold it in sacred trust for the benefit of the public.

Of the many prominent descendants of the Washington family, we may mention George Corbin Washington, born 1789 in Westmoreland; he was a fine lawyer and was sent to Congress from Maryland from 1827 to 1832, and from 1835 to 1837. He died at Georgetown, D. C., 1864. No doubt we omit to mention that gallant

soldier, John Augustus Washington, born at Berkeley, Va., 1821, who showed and maintained the bravery of his forefathers, even down to the Confederate war, by serving on the staff of General R. H. Lee, and dying with his life for the Southern cause, while on a reconnoitering party near Richmond, Va., in 1861. Then, too, there was William H. Washington, who was born in North Carolina, 1814, a line of the Virginia family, who was a prominent statesman, and was sent to Congress from 1847 to 1848, and afterwards held many terms in the Legislature of that State.

On this the 172d anniversary of Washington's birthday, which our countrymen still delight to honor, with the pomp of music and military parade, and with the grateful thoughts of him, who was "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," we should not forget that he was but a messenger sent by the Divine Hand for the deliverance of this people and the building up and expansion of this country into a great nation, whose power and influence shall be for the salvation of many people—therefore, our country should not depart from the words and counsel of the Great Washington, but on each anniversary renew the vows he pledged and so faithfully kept, and that we will likewise fulfill in carrying out the great designs of the Almighty in this the twentieth century of the Christian era.

The coat-of-arms, which are presented, are thus described: "Upon a shield argent, a fess and bar gu. On a chief, or, three mullets purp. Crest—out of a crown or, a dove, wings revert." These arms may have descended through some collateral branch of the Washington family, and doubtless suggested by the bars and mullets (or stars) the formation of the national flag, as finally decided upon by Congress on 4th of July, 1818.

E. C. M.

To "T. L. E." Charleston, W. Va.: "Will be pleased to have any papers of your family in 'Northern Neck' and Scotland. 'E. C. M.' has no connection with your family."

From a correspondent, Norfolk, Va.: "Where are records to be found, whether in court or church, or both? In your experience, how full and reliable are sources of information for the genealogist? How can I get back numbers?"

Answer—Court records and church parish books are now the chief sources for obtaining family records, but many of these were destroyed during the war, or the books missing, making it very difficult in getting reliable information. The best and most reliable source is the family Bible. It well kept and preserved. Most of the public libraries now have works of great assistance to the genealogist.

The numbers of the Sunday edition are very quickly sold out. Your best plan would be to subscribe to it and get all the numbers of the genealogical column.

In answer to "W. P. W." Richmond, Va. we give a list of the families who came over in the "Mayflower," in which the Woodson family is not included, though they might have landed in New England at some other time.

This list is given by William Bradford. The numerals show the number of persons in each family:

John Allen.....	1
Isaac Allerton.....	6
John Allerton.....	1
John Billington.....	4
William Bradford.....	2
William Brewster.....	6
Richard Blintridge.....	1
Peter Brown.....	1
John Carver.....	8
James Chilton.....	1
Richard Clarke.....	1
Francis Cook.....	2
John Crackston.....	2
Francis Eaton.....	3
Thomas English.....	1
Moses Fletcher.....	3
Edward Fuller.....	3
Samuel Fuller.....	2
Richard Gardiner.....	1
John Goodman.....	1
Stephen Hopkins.....	8
Edmund Margesson.....	4
Christopher May.....	1
William Mullins.....	5
Degory Priest.....	2
Thomas Rogers.....	2
Captain Miles Standish.....	2
Edward Tilly.....	1
John Tilly.....	3
Thomas Tinker.....	3
John Turner.....	3
Richard Warren.....	1
William White.....	5
Thomas Williams.....	1
Edward Winslow.....	6
Gilbert Winslow.....	1
Edward Doty.....	1
John Howland.....	1
Edward Leister.....	1
George Soule.....	1
Total.....	106

The four last men named were servants.

From an esteemed correspondent we gain the following as regards the early history of the family: Susan Woodson, the wife of John Pleasant (brother of Governor James Pleasants, of Virginia), was the daughter of Tarleton Woodson, the great-grandson of John Woodson, who came from Dorsetshire, England, and came to Virginia in 1624. Her mother was Ursula Fleming, daughter of Charles Fleming, of New Kent county, England, who was a son of Sir Tarleton Fleming, the second son of the Earl of Wigton.

The house of Fleming (or as it was originally "Fleming") sprang from Sir Michael Fleming, who served with William the Conqueror, and from him descended Sir Richard, Daniel, William, and Daniel (2d) all knights, in succession down to Sir Tarleton.

Tracing the family in Virginia, who evidently settled very early in Goodland county, we find the following: Tucker Woodson and Sarah Hughes, his wife, were living in Goodland county, 1770. Tucker was the son of Tucker Woodson, moved to Albemarle county about 1770, and was deputy clerk of the county. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Moore, and settled near Charlottesville. He died in 1779, leaving two sons, one of whom, Tucker Moore Woodson, lived awhile in Albemarle, and then about 1804 moved to Kentucky.

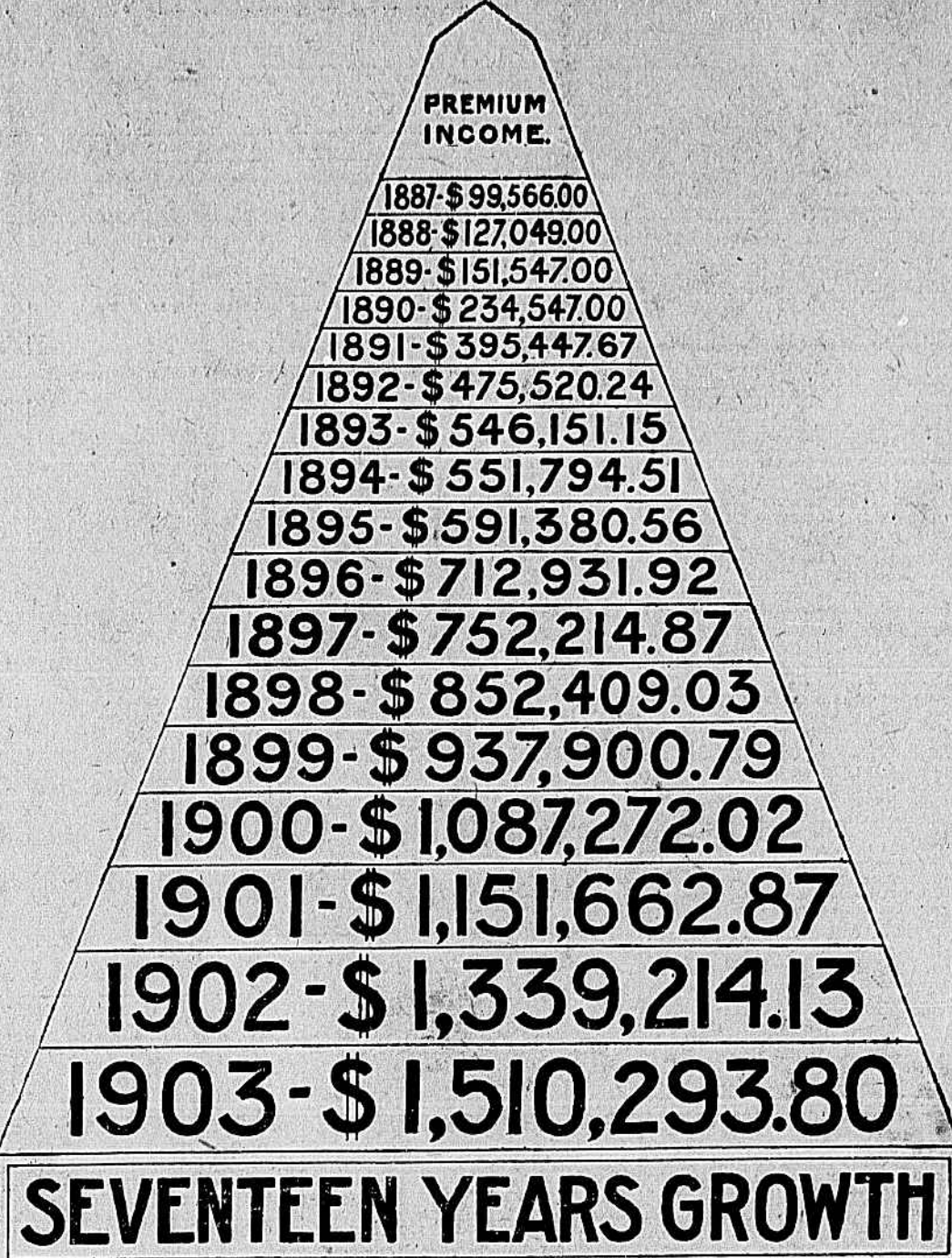
Samuel Hughes Woodson, brother of Tucker, had previously moved to Kentucky and settled in Jessamine county. He had a son, Samuel H. Woodson, born in Kentucky in 1815, who became a prominent member in the Missouri Assembly and general convention of 1833 and '35, and was then elected to the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth Congresses. He, too, had a son, Samuel H. Woodson, who was a congressman from Kentucky, 1821-1823. Silas Woodson was also of Missouri, 1834, who became Governor of Missouri, 1837. Wayne, a descendant of General Anthony Wayne, of the Revolution, was the son of "Mad Anthony," from his impetuous fighting. He died in Pennsylvania in 1796. Since that time Washington's life has been the subject of some of the ablest writers of our land. After the death of Mrs. Washington in 1852, Mount Vernon went to Washington's nephew, Mr. John A. Washington. In 1858, by the eloquence of Edward Everett and the efforts of the ladies over the whole country, the mansion house, with two hundred acres of the estate, was purchased by the "Ladies Mount Vernon Association" for \$20,000, who now hold it in sacred trust for the benefit of the public.

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# LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA

Established 1871



## ANNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1903.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Real estate, book value.....	\$1,396 17	Reserve, actuaries 4 per cent. and American 3 per cent., including special reserve.....	\$1,193,178 00
Mortgage loans on real estate.....	948,249 96	Death losses reported, but not due.....	14,455 00
Loans on collateral.....	89,476 93	Premiums paid in advance.....	20,555 02
Loans on company's policies.....	13,778 18	All other liabilities.....	1,253 00
Bonds and stocks, book value.....	163,482 52	Total.....	\$1,235,441 02
Cash in banks and office.....	135,424 19		
Receivables.....	6,938 89		
Interest and rents due and accrued.....	19,371 80		
Market value of real estate, bonds and stocks, over book value.....	20,517 51		
Net uncollected and deferred premiums and premium notes.....	63,769 91		
All other items.....	8,059 67		
Gross assets.....	\$1,570,468 03	Surplus to policyholders.....	329,573 31
Deduct assets not admitted and ledger liabilities.....	5,953 70	Total.....	\$1,565,414 33
Total admitted assets.....	\$1,565,414 33		

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DURING 1903.	
Gross Income.....	\$1,570,359.51
Increase in Gross Income.....	182,111.35
Increase in Assets.....	294,033.62
INSURANCE IN FORCE.....	\$39,717,431.00
Increase in Insurance in Force.....	\$5,301,100.00
Total Number of Policies in Force.....	338,906
Increase in Number of Policies in Force.....	30,239
Death Claims, etc., Paid to Policy-Holders.....	\$491,862.87

TOTAL PAYMENTS TO POLICY-HOLDERS SINCE ORGANIZATION, \$5,505,996.68

**J. C. WALKER, President.**  
T. WM. PEMBERTON, First Vice-President. J. W. PEGRAM, Second Vice-President.  
W. L. T. ROGERSON, Secretary.

those obtained by marriage with other families. We will look it up further, and give you what we find.

E. C. M.

Launching the Virginia.

It is unofficially stated that the great battleship Virginia will be launched at the local shipyards on April 5th. This occasion should be made a memorable one, and Governor Montague, his staff, the Legislature, our delegation in Congress and the people of the Commonwealth should all be present. The launching of a battleship named for the State is an event worthy of a celebration, and the people should determine to make this a gala occasion.

The local committee should be chosen with a view to having a fine military display, and Captains Johnson and Gilkerson could no doubt manage that feature with great success, owing to their connection with the State militia and their knowledge of the requirements of this feature.

Nothing should be left undone to add to the enjoyment of the day, and Newport News should sustain her reputation as a bustling, hospitable city.—Newport News Times-Herald.

## J. S. MOORE'S SONS (Incorporated)

1724 East Main Street.

'Phone 507.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

## GROCERS, FEED & LIQUOR DEALERS

Owing to the Russo-Japanese war, and the consequent demand on this country for food stuffs, prices of Groceries and Provisions are advancing rapidly. We bought largely in anticipation of this demand, and can offer our customers the benefit of our purchase. The following are only a few of the many of our unparalleled offerings:

Pride of Richmond Flour, \$5.75 a barrel, 350 a sack.	Large Cans Best Table Tomatoes, 7c.
Daisy Flour, \$5.25 a barrel, 330 a sack.	Large Cans Best Table Peaches, 12c.
Best Salt Pork, 10c a pound.	Malt Vine, 11c a package.
Good Salt Pork, 7c a pound.	Arbuckle's Coffee, 12 1/2c.
Silver Leaf Lard, in tins, 11c a pound; bulk, 10c.	Three dozen Best Cut Herring, 25c.
Fresh Country Butter, 15c.	Duff's Old Malt Whiskey, 80c a quart.
California Ham, 9c.	Pure Old N. C. Corn Whiskey, \$2 a gallon.